

## SPEAKER OPPOSES DOWN RULES

Compelled to Take Back Track  
on First Bill Reported  
from Committee.

## HOUSE IN A VERBAL MELEE

SPEAKER ROASTED FOR TOO  
MUCH SOLICITUDE IN DEBATE.

One last committee report marked the seventh day of the session, the first report to be presented at the session and that fell by the wayside through a failure to pass the rules, which provide that all proposed amendments to any bill proposed by a committee shall be reported or introduced laid upon the desk of each member.

This report was from the judiciary committee and recommended the passage of house bill No. 10, by Kuchler, requiring a petition from twenty-five citizens before a charge against a public official may be considered by a court, and recommended its passage with an amendment cutting the number on the petition to ten.

Mr. Thompson raised the question on the amendment. Speaker Joseph explained that the committee was not equipped for making duplicate copies of amendments and had consented that the report state the amendments with the understanding that they would be printed and laid upon the desks of the members before the session.

The speaker was about to put the question on the amendment, but Mr. Thompson was interrupted by a communication from the senate, which showed the rejection of house concurrent resolution No. 4, providing for a joint committee on revenue.

The report was filed.

Senate bill No. 4 was reported as passed by that body. It was referred to the committee on judiciary.

A petition from the people of Kanab in Summit county, asking to be reimbursed for the amount of \$1,000 for the cost of a road between the two places and an appropriation of \$100 for a continuation of the road during the next session was referred to the committee on highways and bridges.

Speaker Joseph called upon the committee on highways and bridges for a report on all bills before it on next Tuesday.

## Jumps on Hotel Room.

Mr. Thompson raised a question as to the renting of a committee room at the Wilson hotel, saying that the committee was paying rental for rooms in the city and county building which should be sufficient for all committee needs. He passed the matter up to Mr. Jackson, the chairman of the committee on contingent expenses, who said the room at the hotel had been secured at a time when there was not sufficient room at the building, because it was convenient to a large number of the members to meet at the hotel.

Mr. Thompson was once more insistent and said that he had secured the committee room at the back of the house chamber was not crowded with committee members. It was far more convenient than a room at the hotel and was in easy reach of the files, so that needed information could be obtained without delay.

The matter was allowed to drop and return between the speaker and Chairman Jackson to stick to it or abolish the committee room.

## Melee of Discussion.

Mr. Tolton called attention to a conflict between the house rules and the house journal by motion of the speaker, so as to provide for the first and second reading of bills along with their introduction. The motion was adopted by a vote of 10 to 9.

On motion of Mr. Robinson the house ordered printed 50 copies of the rules and 50 copies of the railroad commission bill. Subsequently the order of printing was authorized to order as many copies of any bill as appeared necessary.

Mr. McRae, chairman of the printing committee, called attention to the delay in the printing of bills and was instructed to investigate and report to the house tomorrow.

## FIVE NEW MEASURES.

What the House Call Yielded on Thursday.

Five new bills were introduced in the house yesterday, as follows:  
H. B. 3, by Pedersen—Prescribing and limiting course of study in various colleges, etc. (Duplicate of senate bill). Referred to committee on education.  
H. B. 3, by Pedersen—Prescribing and limiting course of study in University of Utah, etc. (Duplicate of senate bill). Referred to committee on education.  
H. B. 4, by Tolton—To amend section 24, revised statutes, relating to the annual financial statements of cities, the duties of auditor and city recorder. Provides that outgoing official shall prepare statement. Referred to committee on municipal corporations.

H. B. 4, by Mr. Giles—Providing for the manner of creating new counties. Referred to committee on counties.  
H. B. 4, by Sutton—Making appropriation for the year 1907.

## WHITE BREAD

Makes Trouble for People With Weak Intestinal Digestion.

A lady in a Wis. town employed a physician who attended her not to eat white bread for two years. She tells the details of her sickness and she certainly was a sick woman.

"In the year 1887 I gave out from overwork, and until 1901 I remained a invalid in bed a great part of the time. Had different doctors, but nothing seemed to help. I suffered from cerebral congestion, female trouble and serious stomach and bowel trouble. My husband called a new doctor, and after having gone without any food for 10 days the doctor ordered Grape-Nuts for me. I could not eat the new food from the very first mouthful. The doctor kept me on Grape-Nuts, and the only medicine was a little glycerine to help the alimentary canal.

"When I was up again Doctor told me to eat Grape-Nuts twice a day, and no white bread for two years. I got well in good time and have gained in strength so I can do my own work again."

"My brain has been helped so much, and I know that the Grape-Nuts food did this, too. I found I had been made ill because I was not fed right, that is I did not properly digest white bread and some other food. I tried to live on 'Nuts' have never been without Grape-Nuts food since, and eat it every day. You may publish this letter if you like. It will help someone else." Name given by Postmaster, Battle Creek, Mich. Get the little book, "The Road to Well-being," in pkgs.

## BILL AGAINST PASS HOLDERS

Senator Hollingsworth Says Officials Who Travel Free Should Be Denied Mileage.

## OLD PROBLEM IS REVIVED

QUESTION HAS BEEN UP IN PREVIOUS LEGISLATURES.

Public officials with passes should not be allowed to collect mileage according to Senator Hollingsworth of Ogden, who will introduce a bill doing away with this privilege. At present it is the practice for the officials traveling on public business to use their personal passes, and collect for mileage after they are returned, although their transportation has not cost them a cent.

In discussing this evil Senator Hollingsworth said that a public official is a graft pure and simple and can be defined by no other word. Can any sane man, a sheriff from a remote county, be entitled to have the town, city or state he represents pay him for the amount of mileage he would have collected if he had not had a pass? It is absurd on the face of it and the commission ought to be remedied at once. For instance, a sheriff from a remote county takes a prisoner to the penitentiary. He represents his pass and when he returns collects a large sum from the county he represents for his car fare. In this manner the various departments of government are kept in the red. The bill would provide for the payment of mileage only for large sums yearly which might just as well be saved to the taxpayers.

This matter has been up in the senate before, having been fathered by Senator Hollingsworth at the session two years ago. It was then killed by the senate, but he hopes that it will meet with a better reception this year.

## NEW JURY EXEMPTION BILL.

Will Excuse Certain Bank Officials from Service.

A bill excusing cashiers, assistant cashiers and tellers in banks from jury service will probably be introduced in the senate by Senator Lawrence. It is argued that the more the business of the state is conducted by banks, the more the public officials are doing jury duty and that as a consequence whether it could pass. I think that one anti-pass bill on one's hands at a time is enough.

## LITTLE DONE IN SENATE.

The senate did nothing yesterday except the consideration of the Hollingsworth bill amending the law relating to the duties of public officials which was passed after a discussion and listened to the reading of the university consolidation measures introduced by Senator Park.

Senator Callister's resolution, which was a committee to investigate the situation at the state prison, in his absence was referred to the committee on public institutions on motion of Senator Benner X. Smith.

## TO CREATE COUNTIES.

Measure Provides for Submission to the Voters.

Representative Giles offered in the house yesterday a bill providing for the manner of creating new counties. It has no reference to the proposed new county of Bingham, which is to be sliced from Salt Lake county, and the plans of the promoters go through.

The Giles bill is general in its scope and provides that where three-fifths of the registered voters of any particular section of a county desire the creation of a new county, they shall present a petition, signed by them, to the county commissioners, who shall order an election thereon. If the bill is held in not less than sixty nor more than ninety days from the time of the filing of the petition, if three-fifths of the voters of the county shall vote for the creation of the new county, the governor shall by proclamation declare its creation.

The petition, if provided, shall state the name of the proposed new county, the boundaries thereof and the names of the precincts and districts to be affected by the proposed change.

It is provided that the state board of canvassers shall canvass the returns and make their certificate to the governor.

The bill goes into detail regarding the manner of creating new counties, the transcript of records and the succession to offices. The new county shall assume its portion of any bonded debt and shall be entitled to the uncollected taxes from that portion separated from the old county. The bill was referred to the committee on counties.

It is understood that the bill is drawn largely for the benefit of certain citizens of Summit and Juab counties who desire to be separated from those counties.

If enacted, the Giles bill would probably result in the creation of three new counties to divide Salt Lake county, as the bonded debt of this county, issued for the creation of the new county, would stand materially in the way of such a project.

## AIMS AT JUSTICE COURT.

Jensen Has Bill Designed to Correct Abuses.

House bill No. 5, introduced by Representative Neph Jensen and referred to the committee on judiciary, is intended to correct the evils complained of in connection with the operation of the justice court at Murray.

Under existing law, while changes of venue must be secured from a justice court on the ground of wrong jurisdiction, there is no provision by which a change of venue can be secured from a justice court at Murray.

In Mr. Jensen's bill it is proposed to make it a misdemeanor for any justice of the peace to refuse to grant a change of venue upon a proper showing that the action is brought within the wrong jurisdiction. The penalty for such refusal is forfeiture of office and imprisonment in the county jail for not less than six months.

Mr. Jensen is of the opinion that this addition to the law would put a stop to the complaints which have been made by the court of Justice Burand at Murray.

## MARRIAGE RESTRICTIONS.

What Is Proposed in Mr. Pedersen's Bill.

The bill on the subject of marriage, introduced in the house by Mr. Pedersen, and which is not the State Medical society bill on the same subject, extends the prohibition of the marriage relation to persons related in the fifth degree of consanguinity and also to persons subject to chronic epileptic fits.

A provision is made regarding the persons applying for marriage licenses to send each party an oath that they do not come within these prohibitions.

## PUTS QUESTION UP TO PEOPLE

Bill Proposes to Submit College Consolidation at Next Election.

## LOGAN LOBBY IS ACTIVE

PRESIDENT KINGSBURY TALKS ON PENDING LEGISLATION.

A bill providing for the submission to the voters of the state of a constitutional amendment authorizing the consolidation of the University of Utah and Agricultural college was introduced in the senate yesterday by Senator Samuel C. Park, of Salt Lake, chairman of the committee on education.

This is the second move in the fight between the two institutions for supremacy, which has been made Tuesday by Senator Bullen, of Logan, who introduced two bills providing for separate maintenance of both institutions.

The issues are now well defined and the struggle is on in earnest. Both sides are working night and day for support and the warfare which will be waged will require the exhibition of the most subtle and crafty statesmanship which the supporters of each institution can employ.

The Logan people, who are interested in keeping the Agricultural college at that place, have a large number of supporters from a strategic standpoint. By introducing their bills first they hope to force the Agricultural college supporters to defend their position before the consolidation bill will argue its case in introduction as a reason.

Mayor Robinson, of Logan, was one of the senate visitors yesterday and conferred with several of the senators in regard to the problem. Logan boosters were generally in evidence during the day.

## One Mill Tax Proposed.

Senator Park also introduced another measure which is a corollary of the first measure in that it provides for the maintenance of the consolidated institution. The bill provides for a perpetual levy of one mill on the taxable property of the state for the support of the university, and its several schools and colleges, which, under the consolidation bill, would include the Agricultural college.

In speaking of his measures Senator Park would say little.

He believes the people of the state want consolidation, and I have framed my bills in accordance with the report of the majority of the commission which investigated the matter," was his only comment.

## Fight Opens in House.

The first manifestation of the coming fight on the proposed consolidation of the University of Utah and the Agricultural college was made in the house yesterday on resolution by Mr. Long, of Philo, calling upon the secretary of state for the report of the commission appointed by the authority of the last legislature to consider the question of duplication of studies in the two institutions, which, under the consolidation bill, would include the Agricultural college.

The Long resolution was adopted by a vote of 10 to 9. It called for the first five days of the present session, and asking the secretary of state to report the reason for the delay in filing the report.

Neph Jensen moved to strike out the part of the resolution asking the reason for the delay, and that the secretary of state should report the reason for the delay, and that the request has been made and that the request has been made and that the request has been made.

Speaker Joseph, in answer to an inquiry from Mr. Richards, ruled that the law was obligatory upon the secretary of state and that the filing of the report with the senate and not with the house did not fulfill the law.

The Jensen amendment was voted down and the Long resolution adopted. The Long resolution had the support of the Logan adherents and apparently was put in as a part of a feint to draw the house into a fight on the subject of the consolidation of the two institutions.

Apparently Speaker Joseph favored the Agricultural college crowd in the formation of the new county, and the fact which the bills were referred. In framing this committee he made Mr. Pedersen, of Logan, chairman, and Mr. Pedersen, of Logan, chairman, and Mr. Pedersen, of Logan, chairman.

The committee is supposed to favor the continuation of the Agricultural college. The Park consolidation bill was introduced in the senate reads as follows:

"Be it enacted by the legislature of the state of Utah:  
"Section 1.—There shall be submitted to the voters of this state the following proposed amendment to the constitution of the state of Utah, to-wit:

"Section 2.—The University of Utah and the Agricultural College are hereby consolidated and shall be controlled by one and the same governing body, to-wit: the board of trustees of the Agricultural College, which body shall be composed of the following members: The Agricultural College and branch schools of the university may be established at such places as may be provided by law. The University of Utah shall include the Agricultural College, the State School of Mines, the State Normal School, the School of Arts and Sciences, and such other colleges and schools as may be established by law. All by laws, all franchises, and all endowments heretofore granted or conferred, are hereby granted and conferred, are hereby granted and conferred, are hereby granted and conferred.

"Section 3.—The secretary of state shall cause the foregoing proposed amendment to be published in at least one newspaper in every county of the state where a newspaper is published for two months immediately preceding the next general election, at which time the said amendment shall be submitted to the voters of this state for their approval or rejection. All official ballots issued at such election shall have printed or written thereon the words: 'Shall the proposed amendment to section 4 of article X of the constitution of the state of Utah be adopted?' 'Yes.' 'No.' and shall otherwise be prepared and submitted to the voters as provided by law. Said ballots shall be received and said votes shall be taken counted and canvassed and returned to be made in the same manner and in all respects as is or may be provided by law in the case of election of state officers.

## Needs of University.

President Kingsbury of the state university, when asked yesterday by the revenue committee by the Bullen bill would meet the present requirements of the university, said that with an assessed valuation of \$100,000 the \$4 of a mill proposed by Mr. Bullen for the support of the university would yield \$122,000 per annum, or \$22,000 for the biennial period. Two years ago the university, comprising the School of Arts and Sciences, the State School of Mines and the State Normal school, besides the Branch Normal at Cedar City, received \$30,000, including \$20,000 for buildings, which did not fully meet the actual necessities of these various state schools. All these schools

## STILL MORE PROOF

That Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Have Cured Even the Most Stubborn Cases of Rheumatism.

"When I was a boy of sixteen," says Mr. Otto H. Rose, a retired grocer, of 1226 Lexington Avenue, Indianapolis, Ind., "I met with a serious accident which injured the bone of my head over the right eye. I recovered from the accident to all appearances, but not many years after I began to have intense pains in the injured bone, which came on every year and would last from a few days to several weeks."

"I consulted the doctors who told me that I was suffering from neuralgia. The sight of my right eye was affected, so that at times I could scarcely see out of it, while both eyes watered constantly. During these attacks I was often dizzy from the terrible pains. The pains came on every morning and passed away in the afternoon. I never suffered from the pain a night."

"I tried without success to get relief until a friend told me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. When I had taken a few boxes I felt the pain growing less intense and in a much shorter time than I had hoped for I was entirely cured. I have recommended the pills to several persons, who have used them with good results."

"My wife uses Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for nervous headaches and finds that they have a real medicine she has ever used as they give relief where all others fail."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or sent, postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50, by Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

An instructive booklet, entitled "Nervous Disorders," will be sent free on request to anyone interested.

have grown since then, and to meet their needs for the next two years will require about \$100,000. The Bullen bill, therefore, said President Kingsbury, "falls to provide the amount of revenue necessary for the support of the university."

The regents, after careful consideration, believe that the maintenance of the university will be absolutely essential.

Ratios in Other States.

"According to information obtained from other states in 1905, the amount of revenue for the support of the State School of Mines and the State Normal school, as compared with the amount of revenue for the support of the Agricultural college, in Michigan the ratio was 42 to 1, in Ohio 42 to 1, in South Dakota the ratio was 42 to 1, in the University of the College here, for the two institutions, from the state 25 to 1, or less than in Colorado, because the School of Arts and Sciences, the School of Mines and the State Normal school are united here, but separated in Colorado, hence the ratio is 42 to 1.

"I would propose as the ratio here, for the two institutions, from the state 25 to 1, or less than in Colorado, because the School of Arts and Sciences, the School of Mines and the State Normal school are united here, but separated in Colorado, hence the ratio is 42 to 1.

"The Agricultural college receives in addition from the federal government \$25,000 annually for instructional purposes and \$25,000 annually for experiment station investigations."

"Since the Bullen bill makes no provision for buildings for the various schools it is difficult to understand in what way it would put an end to the present state of affairs for legislative appropriations."

Consolidation Benefits.

"All that is now asked or that will be given to the Agricultural college would be saved by consolidation, as shown by the report of the commission."

"The Agricultural college would be in no way crippled by consolidation with the university. On the contrary, all the work of the college would be very much improved, because the entire fund received from the government, \$50,000 per year and the fund, about \$7,000 per year, would then be devoted to agriculture and its kindred subjects, whereas, at present only \$57,000 is devoted to the college to the teaching of agriculture and its allied subjects, according to the findings of the committee report, page 161. That is, agricultural and similar instruction would be better provided for by consolidation with the university, asking for anything from the state for agricultural purposes."

Newest Ideas.

"The Agricultural college receives in addition from the federal government \$25,000 annually for instructional purposes and \$25,000 annually for experiment station investigations."

Finest Materials, Best Workmanship and Lowest Prices in furs to be found anywhere.

One word, "MOUNT'S," expresses the superlative in Pickle Quality.

## ANOTHER FORGER NABBED

Juvenile Offender Is Captured by the Police in Deserted Cabin in North Salt Lake.

After a hard chase, Detectives Shannon and Wilson yesterday morning ran to earth Harry Wood, 18 years old, who is accused of complicity with Levi Rose, another youth, in the burglary of the office of the Utah Building & Milling company and the forgery of checks aggregating \$18.

Rose was arrested last Tuesday and has confessed to the forgery of checks, one of the forged checks, one at an Italian saloon at Second South and Fifth West and the other in a Big Four saloon on Second South, between West Temple and First West.

Rose was arrested in police court yesterday and pleaded guilty to forgery and burglary. Judge Dault, however, declined to accept the pleas, as the prisoner was not counsel, and the case was continued until today and the court will appoint an attorney to act for Rose.

Harry Wood has been in trouble before and was at the time of his arrest out on parole from the state reformatory at Ogden, where he had been serving a sentence for burglary. The police believe that he planned the burglary and forgery of the checks, and that he assisted him in the enterprise.

Under the New Pure Food Law All Food Products must be pure and honestly labeled.

## BURNETT'S VANILLA

was fifty years ahead of the Law. It was always pure Vanilla. Every bottle now bears this label: "Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act June 30th, 1906." Serial Number 91, which has been assigned to us by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture.

Nothing finer than MOUNT'S Pork and Beans was ever put up in tins.

## FREIGHT TRAIN DERAILED.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 24.—The derauling of a freight train at Clipperton temporarily blocked traffic today on the Southern Pacific's Ogden route. No casualties resulted from the accident and the damage is slight.

## There is no QUININE in IT

One of the Reasons Why

## BROMO-LAX

Has Become so Popular. It Breaks up Colds and Prevents "Grip"—Quickly, Safely—Leaving no Bad After-Effects like

## QUININE PREPARATIONS

In the Orange Colored Box. All Drug Stores 25 cents. Or by Mail.

BROMO-CHEMICAL CO., CHICAGO

It may be possible to make good bread with other than

## HUSLER'S FLOUR

But it not so easy nor so certain.

Do You Know

## Unedea Biscuit

Always Remember the Full Name. Latative Bromo Quinine Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 3 Days

on every box 25c

# "The Staris."

## TWO MORE DAYS OF THE GREAT MUSLIN UNDERWEAR SALE

Thousands of Shoppers have availed themselves of this great saving opportunity. It's a chance to Secure your Muslin Underwear at a saving of about one-fourth. A few of the specials on the list for the two days.

## CHEMISE

CHEMISE, good quality muslin, trimmed with embroidery insertion and hem. 48¢  
CHEMISE, muslin, square yoke, trimmed with lace and heading, ribbon drawn, ruffle on bottom, long and short lengths. 59¢  
CHEMISE, muslin, square yoke, trimmed with lace and heading, ribbon drawn, hemstitched ruffle on bottom, extra fine quality. 79¢  
CHEMISE, fine quality long cloth, empire effect, ruffle, lace trimmed. 89¢  
CHEMISE, fine quality long cloth, val insertion, round yoke, trimmed with heading, ribbon and lace, ruffle on bottom, lace and insertion trimmed. \$1.10

## GOWNS

GOWN, cambric, lace insertion and lace trimmed, V-shaped neck, style No. 2, embroidery, tucks and hemstitched ruffle, square neck, style No. 3, plain silk, extra fine quality. 59¢  
GOWNS, cambric, embroidery and hemstitched yoke, fine embroidery trimmed. 79¢  
GOWNS, muslin, square yoke, extra wide ruffle, trimmed with fine embroidery and lace, trimmed collar; style No. 2, muslin, yoke of embroidery. 89¢  
GOWNS, muslin, V-shaped yoke, trimmed with hemstitched tucks and embroidery, head. \$1.10  
GOWNS, muslin, fine quality, slip over gown, trimmed with embroidery insertion and edging. \$1.25

## DRAWERS

DRAWERS, muslin, good quality, trimmed with hemstitched ruffle. 25¢  
DRAWERS, muslin, good quality, wide ruffle, lace insertion trimmed. 33¢  
DRAWERS, muslin, cambric ruffle, hemstitched and embroidery trimmed. 48¢  
DRAWERS, extra quality muslin, cluster tucks, embroidery ruffle, also extra wide ruffle, trimmed with insertion. 59¢  
DRAWERS, extra quality muslin, lace or embroidery trimmed in wide ruffle. 89¢  
DRAWERS, muslin, fine quality, trimmed with wide tuck ruffle of fine embroidery. \$1.10

## EXTRA SPECIAL LIST

One lot children's white Ansonia Fur sets that sold at \$4.50, to close at. \$3.95  
One lot fancy figured pink and blue Cotton Elderdown Wrappers that sold at \$3.00, Extra special to close at. \$2.50  
An extra good quality Mercerized Petticoat, deep flounce, and all the trimmings, formerly sold at \$1.50. Special at. 69¢

## BOARD ARGUES FOR TWO BILLS

State Equalizers Favor Increase of Their Salaries, as Proposed in Bills.

The judiciary committee of the house was visited yesterday by Chairman J. Salisbury and other members of the state board of equalization, who made extended arguments in favor of the two bills pending in the house and senate, increasing the powers of the board, requiring the members to devote their whole time to the work of equalizing the taxes, and increasing the salaries of the members from \$800 a year to \$2,000 a year.

These bills, it is understood, were prepared under the direction of the state board of equalization, as many of the members of the board are members of the proposed committee on revenue, which was authorized by the house, but killed in the senate.

The committee sat in the committee room at the Wilson hotel and the public was not admitted to the hearing.

An extended argument was made by Chairman Salisbury in favor of the proposed bills and other members also talked on the general subject of taxation. The committee reached no conclusion on the bills, consideration being deferred pending the action of the two houses on the proposed tax commission, which is favored in the senate.

## Gossard Corsets.

What would you pay for a beautiful figure, or having a good figure, would you give the price of a corset to retain it?

Nothing finer than MOUNT'S Pork and Beans was ever put up in tins.

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